***Essays: For many of these questions you’ll have to refer back to prior chapter. Answer 4 questions. 32 points—Homework***

**CHAPTER 29 PROTEST AND STAGNATION: THE WESTERN WORLD, 1965-1985**

1. Compare and contrast the student rebellions and protests of the 1960s and 70s with the protests of 1848 in terms of methods, goals and success.

2. How did post War Feminism differ and resemble feminist movements of prior periods, refer back to readings by Rousseau , Wollstonecraft and Pankhurst. In what ways was post-War feminism successful, unsuccessful?

3. Discuss the successes and failures of Soviet policy in the period 1965-1985 and how does it compare to Tsarist policy in the late 19th Century and early 20th?

4. The period of 1965 saw both economic success and failure, what were the underlying causes of each and to what extent were these cycles simply endemic to Capitalism?

5. . On balance, were the technological achievements and cultural developments of the era 1965-1985 beneficial or not? In what ways did they “change” society? Were they more or less impactful than previous periods we’ve studied?

6. The latter part of the 20th century has been deemed the “Global Village” as well as the “Americanization” of the world. What factors led to those characterizations, to what extent are the terms valid and in what ways is this different from early 18th century life.

ID Terms

1.University of Nanterre, 1968

2. permissive society

3. the birth control pill

4. marijuana

5. Timothy Leary and LSD

7. Betty Friedan’s *Feminine Mystique*

8. Antiwar protests and Kent State

9. Brezhnev Doctrine

10. Lech Walesa and Solidarity

11. Hungary’s Janos Kadar

12. the Prague Spring, Alexander Dubcek

13. East Germany’s Walter Ulbricht and Erich Honecker

14. the Berlin Wall

15. Willy Brandt and *Ostpolitik*

16. Margaret Thatcher/the “Iron Lady” and Thatcherism

17. Falklands Island/war

18. France’s Francois Mitterrand

19. Italy’s Eurocommunism, Red Brigade

20. the European Community/EC

22. OPEC

23., Jimmy Carter and stagflation

24. Ayatollah Khomeini and American hostages

25. the “Reagan revolution” and “supply-side economics”

26. Canada’s Pierre Trudeau and Brian Mulroney

27. Second Vietnam War

28. the Vietcong

29. the domino theory

30. détente

32. the “four olds” and “permanent revolution” and the Red Guards

33. Nixon and Zedong and a “strategic relationship”

34. Antiballistic Missile Treaty, 1972, SALT I

35. “equivalence”

36. Helsinki Agreements, 1975 and Andrei Sakharov

37. the “evil empire”

38. Strategic Defense Initiative ( SDI)/”Star Wars”

39. the space race and *Sputnik*

40. Grace Hopper and COBOL

41 Gorbachev, Glasnost, Perestroika

42. Chernobyl, 1986

43. Green parties

44. Postmodernism

45. structuralism

46. deconstructionism

47. Allen Kaprow and “happenings”

48. “magic realism” and Gabriel Garcia Marquez’s *One Hundred Years of Solitude*

49. Milan Kundera’s *The Unbearable Lightness of Being*